# "The Problem or the Solution?" The First Illusion of Stress and Tobacco Use

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# **SURGEON GENERAL WARNING:**

This discussion may be hazardous to your perceptions





### Yes. I think so? I'm not sure..maybe?

What is one of the biggest trigger and causes of relapse for tobacco use?

Despite this, tobacco users often voice hesitation and uncertainty

Where did this widespread belief come from and what can we do?









More than a quarter of U.S. adults say they're so stressed they can't function

Stress

Concerns high around civil liberties, inflation, violence, with nearly half of adults saying they don't feel protected by U.S. laws

WASHINGTON — Americans are struggling with multiple external stressors that are ou of their personal control, with 27% reporting that most days they are so stressed they cannot function, according to a <u>poll conducted for the American Psychological Association</u>.

A majority of adults cited inflation (83%), violence and crime (75%), the current political climate (66%), and the racial climate (62%) as significant sources of stress.

## Stress effects on the body

Stress affects all systems of the body including the musculoskeletal, respiratory, cardiovascular, endocrine, gastrointestinal, nervous, and reproductive systems.

Last updated: March 8, 2023 Date created: November 1, 2018 1 min read

Stress









## **Tobacco Prevalence and Stress Levels**

#### Cigarette smoking remains high among certain groups























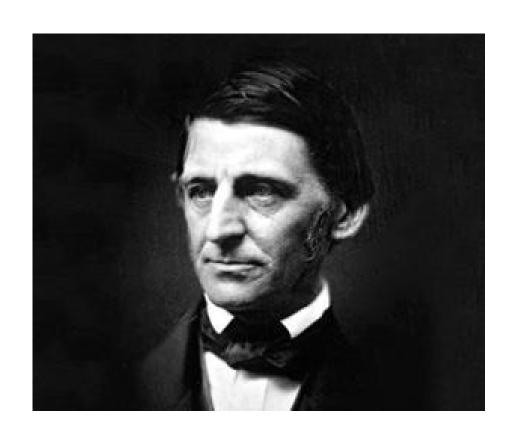


### For discussion

- Comprehend the urgency to clarify the actual relationship between stress and tobacco use
- Examine the independent, peer-reviewed literature on the impact of tobacco use on stress
- Discern the role of the Tobacco Industry and their allies in perpetuating unfounded beliefs about stress and tobacco use
- Consider different framing when discussing stress and tobacco use in tobacco treatment and culture change efforts







"The believing we do something, when we do nothing is the first illusion of tobacco."

Ralph Waldo Emerson





## A look at the literature

- Perceived stress associated with greater odds of smoking (Gallo et al., 2014; Webb & Carey, 2008)
- Stress is often cited as the primary reason for smoking (Fidler and West, 2009; Shiffman, 1993)
- Higher and consistent stress levels associated with relapse (Cohen, 1990, Slopen et al., 2013)



- The stress levels of adult smokers are slightly **higher** than those of nonsmokers (Parrot, Murphy, 2012)
- Adolescent smokers report increasing levels of stress as they develop regular patterns of smoking, (A. Parrot, 1999)





#### **Gender Differences In Tobacco Use**

- Women who smoke daily tend to do so in response to non-nicotine stimuli (such as cue exposure, stress reduction, or weight control)
- Men are more likely to smoke to maintain nicotine levels (Perkins, 2001, <u>Shiffman & Paton, 1999</u>, <u>Allen et al., 2014</u>)





# Vaping worsens mental health

- > 90% of those who quit said they felt less stressed, anxious, or depressed
- > 47% of respondents who quit vaping reported that when they quit vaping they felt more in control
- > 78% of respondents who reported ever vaping but had not quit said they would feel better about themselves if they quit vaping







#### These beliefs can cause harm and maintain cultures of tobacco use

- Meta-analysis of 38 studies 16,369 mental health professionals
- Most common beliefs/attitudes:
  - 51% believe people with mental illness don't want to quit
  - 45% had permissive attitudes toward smoking
  - 42% perceived barriers to treating smoking
  - 41% had negative attitudes toward quitting smoking
  - 38% think quitting smoking is too stressful for these patients

(Sheals et al, 2016)





# And yet... recent data from PA STFRI

- Statewide survey of individuals receiving treatment
  - Diagnosis
  - Levels of care
  - Age
  - Geographic region

17. Which option best reflects your level of agreement to the following statement: Learning tobacco-free coping skills is helpful to mental health or substance use recovery.

Value	Percent	Responses
Strongly agree	30.9%	232
Agree	43.2%	324
Not sure	17.3%	130
Disagree	5.9%	44
Strongly disagree	1.7%	13
Prefer not to answer	0.9%	7

Totals: 750





# And yet...

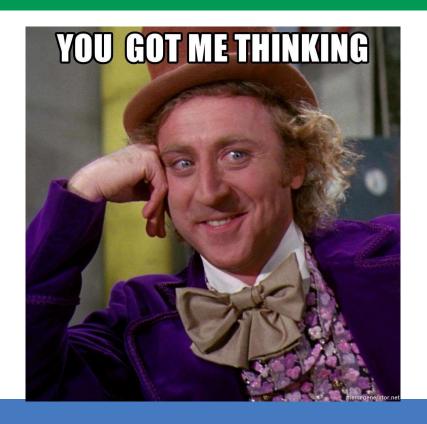
 Meta-analysis found quitting smoking is associated with long term reductions in depression, anxiety, and stress and improved positive mood states and quality of life, including among those with poor mental health (Taylor et al., 2014)







# So, what is happening here?

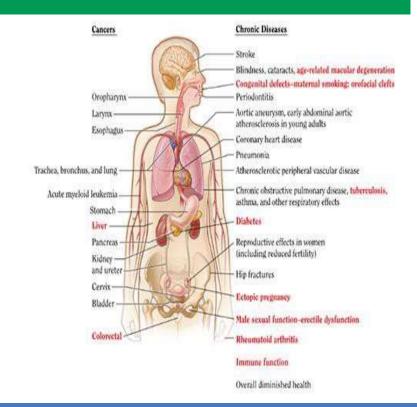






# Head to Toe, Inside and Out

- Tobacco use causes the following immediate negative reactions:
- Increase in blood pressure
- Increased in heart rate
- Tensed muscles
- Constricted blood vessels
- Decrease in oxygen available to the brain and body to facilitate healthy coping skills

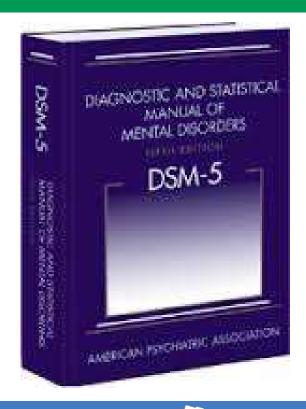






## **Tobacco Withdrawal**

- Tobacco Withdrawal (4 or more)
- Depressed mood
- Insomnia
- Irritability, frustration or anger
- Anxiety
- Difficulty concentrating
- Restlessness
- Increased appetite or weight gain







### It all comes down to tobacco withdrawal

- Tobacco users can confuse the temporary removal of tobacco withdrawal symptoms with the feeling of stress relief
- Tobacco use increases stress levels due to the constant <u>need to use</u> tobacco to avoid tobacco withdrawal. (Cohen and Lichtenstein, 1990; Parrott, 1999)





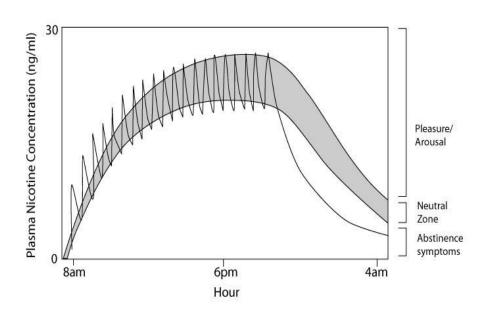
#### It all comes down to tobacco withdrawal

- Smoking reduces the withdrawal symptoms, but doesn't manage the stressor that made us feel that way
- Daily mood patterns in smokers find **normal** moods during smoking, and **worsening** moods between cigarettes. (A. Parrot, 1999)

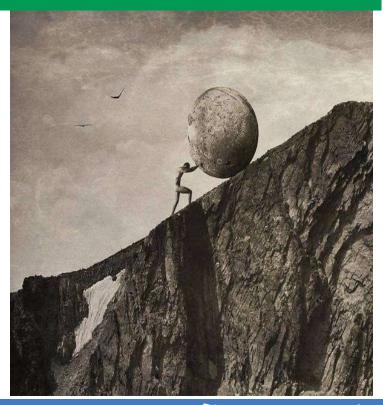




# The Myth of Sisyphus Effect



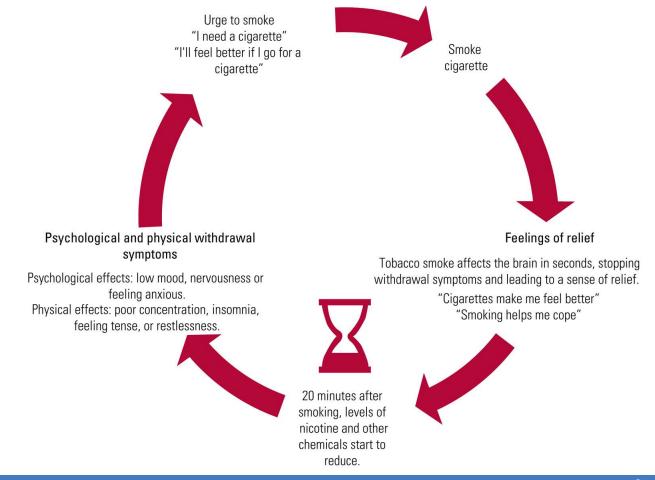
• Reprinted with permission. Benowitz. (1992). Med Clin N Am 2:415-437.







## **Decades of Deception**







#### QUESTION:

# SO WHERE DID THESE WIDESPREAD BELIEFS COME FROM?





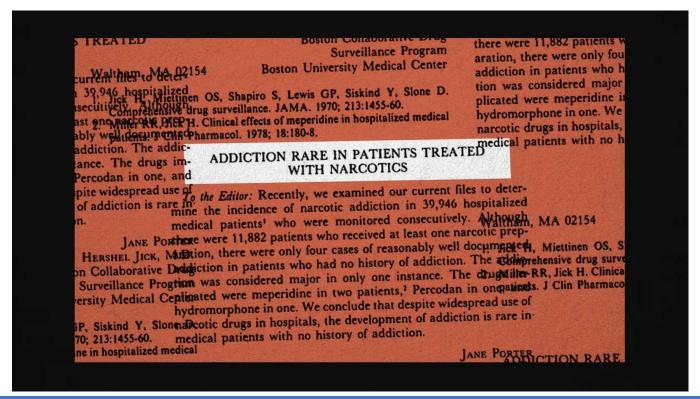
# The Tobacco Industry. Surprised?







# On par with misleading statements about opioids...

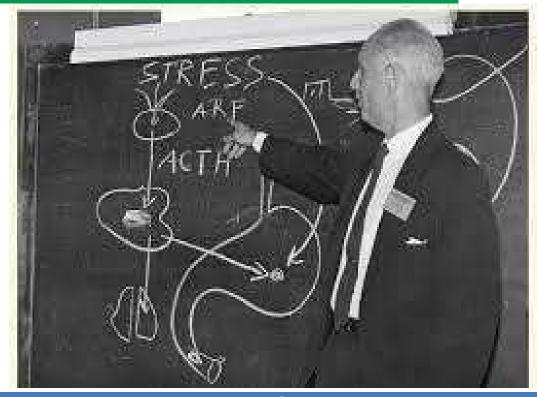






# Hans Selye (1907-1982)

- Extremely influential and wellpublished researcher on stress
- Internal tobacco industry documents, we found that Selye received extensive tobacco industry funding
- Publicly, Selye never declared his consultancy work for the tobacco industry.

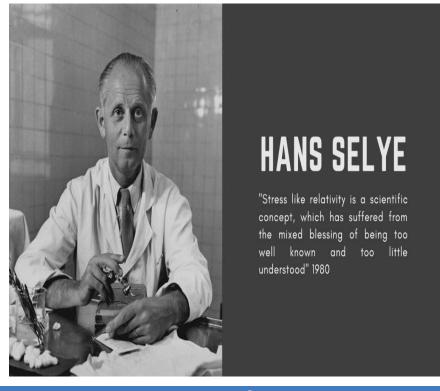






# **An Extensive and Concealed History**

- Selye's research on stress and health was used in litigation to defend the industry's interests and argue against a causal role for smoking and disease
- The anti-racketeering between the Department of Justice and the Tobacco Industry that began in 1999 revealed the Industry's influence on stress research







#### The Tobacco Industry and the "Father of Stress"

During the conference, Dr. Selye proposed a five-step project for advancing the concept that stress is related to disease, that "deviation" of stress is necessary, and that cigarette smoking is an acceptable deviation.

In the first place, he said that the tobacco industry should change its manner of defense. The industry should not quibble with the meaning of the association between smoking and disease. Instead, he said, the industry should introduce a new, affirmative method of defense, which should emphasize the value of

Source: https://www.industrydocuments.ucsf.edu/docs/tsny0101

- 2 -

smoking as a "prophylactic and curative" measure.





# Promoting Tobacco Use as "Self-Medication"

ys.

Re: Research Proposal for July/83 - June/84
"Tobacco Smoking As a Coping Mechanism in
Psychiatric Patients: Psychological, Behavioral
and Physiological Investigations"
Phase I

These 3 studies, plus the remaining 3 planned for next year promise to bear fruitful findings. It is particularly interesting that the psychiatrists, who are medical professionals, are very aware of the role of tobacco use in patients and are very interested in these studies. If tobacco can be shown to be an efficient form of "self-medication" for these patients then this would be significant bonus for the tobacco industry.

#### RUR- MACDONALD INC. Research and Development/

Dr. Knott has been sponsored by CTMC for some years. Up to last year his own salary was paid by us - so he was totally dependent on CTMC funding. He became, however, a permanent member of the Royal Ottawa Hospital in 1984, and since then we only support the cost of his assistants.

The latest request is addressing the problems that restriction on smoking in the workplace or elsewhere may have on inducing stress on the smoker. Once again he seems to be looking at this from our point of view.





## In their own words

- "Moreover, nicotine is addictive. We are, then, in the business of selling nicotine, an addictive drug effective in the release of stress mechanisms."
  - July 17, 1963 report by then Brown & Williamson general counsel/vice president Addison Yeaman, Bates No. 1802.05









# Reinforced and amplified by ~ \$1 million/hour marketing apparatus

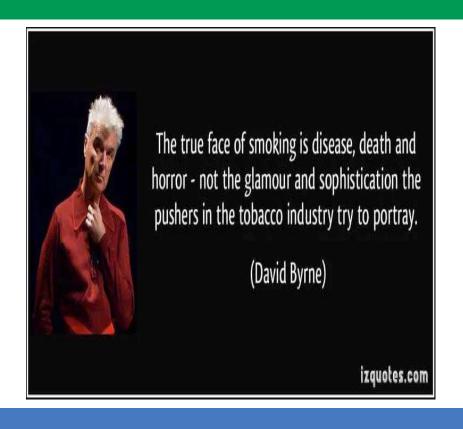
# Always this...

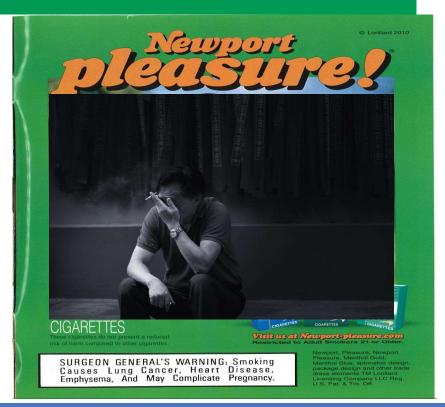






## Never this.









# Once again, the Vaping Industry follows suit

"We know that the inside vibes have been...quite a challenge. Stay sane with Puff Bar this solo break. We know you'll love it. It's the perfect escape from the back-to-back zoom calls, parental texts and WFH stress."







# Every film is the result of the society that produced it..."

Jean Luc Godard







# Selling the Myth Through Silver Screen....



"The Surgeon
General's Report
concluded that
exposure to onscreen
smoking in movies
causes young people
to start smoking"
• CDC





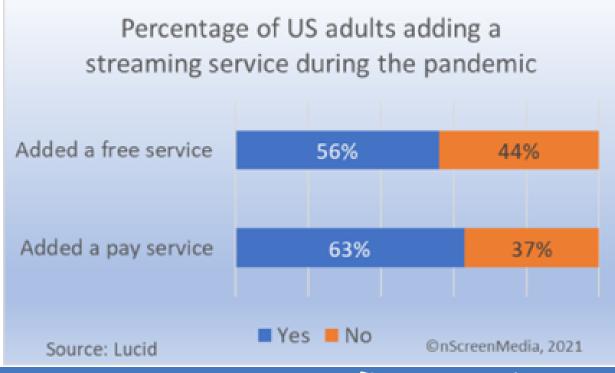
# ...And stream





# STREAMING RATES Increased during the pandemic

 According to new data from research technology firm <u>Lucid</u>, almost two-thirds of U.S. adults said they added a pay streaming service during







#### QUESTION:

# WHAT CAN WE DO TO CLARIFY THIS RELATIONSHIP?





# **Having the Discussion**

- Does smoking relieve stress?
- How/tell me more about that?







# **Having the Discussion**

- Can I share something with you that may provide some more information about this relationship and could advance our work together?
  - 11.5% of US adults smoke cigarettes (CDC, 2021)
  - 100% of US adults experience some type of stress (financial, familial, relationship, etc.)
  - Tobacco users often have higher levels of stress
  - When you recover from tobacco use, stress levels often improve

- What do you think this means for your recovery from tobacco use?
- Can we talk about healthy and productive coping skills for your tobacco use triggers?





# Other ways to Take 5 and Stay Alive

#### Individuals

- Incorporating stress management into the development of healthy and productive coping skills and relapse prevention during behavioral treatment
- Acknowledge that stress will happen, whether we use tobacco or not
- What stress can be removed from our lives?
- Manage stress directly through escape, distraction, delay
- Define the true relationship between stress and tobacco use
- Utilize FDA approved pharmacotherapy and behavioral treatment





# Other ways to Take 5 and Stay Alive

#### Organizations

- Challenge the assertion that treating tobacco use disorder and creating tobacco and vape-free therapeutic environments are too "stressful"
- Familiarize ourself with the independent, peer-reviewed literature
- Identify other activities and programming that manage stress in a healthy and productive way
- Highlight the role of the Tobacco Industry in promoting tobacco use as "self-medication
- Ensure that all individuals are offered FDA approved pharmacotherapy and behavioral treatment as part of care, services and treatment





#### **Take Home Points**

- When we use tobacco or vape to relieve stress, we are momentarily removing tobacco withdrawal symptoms which is often confused with stress relief
- Tobacco and vaping product use increases stress in tobacco users
- Tobacco users must keep using tobacco to the avoid tobacco withdrawal which maintains their addiction

"When I stopped living in the problem and began living in the answer, the problem went away."

ALCOHOLICS
ANONYMOUS

THE BIG BOOK
AND A
STUDY GUIDE
FOR THE
12 STEPS OF AA





# Take home points

- Tobacco and vaping use is a harmful and unproductive coping strategy for stress. It does not address the underlying stressors in one's life, and worsens stress
- Tobacco and vaping use is the problem, not the solution, for stress
- We all must all strive to realize:
  - Tobacco and vape-free care settings
  - Incorporate healthy and productive stress management strategies into tobacco treatment services and other programming



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